Democratic Party Has Been Put Fower With That Understanding -Commission's Help to Be Wel-

comed If End Is Reached.

When the Payne-Aldrich tariff law was enacted the protectionists, and especially the chief beneficiaries, befleved that the tariff question had been settled for another ten years or so. In spite of the obvious and flagrant betrayal of the people, the flat disregard for party pledges and the manifestations of dissatisfaction throughout the bountry, the new law was declared to be the best ever, and the prediction, was made that it would soon be vindi-

cated by results. This fatuous view of the situation failed to take into account the greater enlightenment and determination of the people. The lesson of the recent slections dispelled that view. And now the Republicans know that the tariff, instead of having been disposed of for an indefinite period, is still the most immediate and pressing question before congress. The Democrats know that they have gained control of the house primarily because of the failure of the Republicans to revise the tariff lownward.

Republican adjustment to this crisis has taken the form of a reluctant adoption of the tariff commission plan. The president is to be given the kind of commission he has asked for, with a probability, however, that his commission will be unduly hamnered by restrictions, if the old line protectionists can prevail. But at any rate a commission will be created and set to work after congress adjourns.

Meanwhile the Democrats, anticipating their control of the house, will call a meeting of members-elect, select a ways and means committee in advance, and that committee will spend the coming summer investigating the tariff and preparing a general revision

It will be seen that the two plans of revision proposed -the Republicans favoring revision by schedules and based on the tariff commission's findings, and the Democrats favoring ceneral revision-there will be a con lct of methods with the Democrats in control of the house and the Republicans in control of the senate. Perhaps the beneficiaries of excessive tariffs hope that in this conflict they will enjoy the benefits of delay in real ttriff revision. If the Democrats are wise they will

avail themselves of all the help the tariff commission can give them, voting for the creating of the commission and using its information, more especially as their party will be well represented on the commission.

For now the country will hold both parties responsible for honest tarlif revision. And it will expect as its first right, and regardless of the final adjustment of the tariff, the earliest possible elimination of the most flagrant pulpages of the existing law.-Kansas

Failure Not Possible. It may be that the Democrats will

have a good deal to learn, but we see ne reason whatever to predict failure to them. We do not think that the co ntry looks for failure. On the contrang, it expects honest intelligent, efficient and faithful service. Those narrow-minded Republicans - and there are decidedly fewer of these than there used to be-who think that the Democratic party is bound to fail simply because it is the Democratic party, would do well to remember that about one-half the life of the nation has been passed under Democratic rule. and well passed. One extremely good sign is to be found in the fact that the mere prospect of power and responsibility has sobered the Democratic party and its leaders, nor is it the only favorable omen. Many men of ability have come to the front in the last few years, and the party spirit has acquired a new and better spirit. Taking everything into consideration, we are disposed to agree with Mr. Clark. As the prospective speaker of the new house of representatives he comes certainly as near as any one to being a party leader. As his influence is to be so great the country may as well congratulate itself on his high character, and also on the fact that he has never been known as the friend of the interests. Under his leadership the house ought to make a good record. The opportunity, as we have said, is great There is no reason to believe that it will be thrown away. We trust that It may be improved to the uttermost. -- Indianapolis News.

Two years ago if I had come to Washington and mentioned the tariff board subject I would have been thrown out. Nobody seemed to take the matter seriously, and it was next to impossible to get a hearing in any quarter .- Alvin H. Sanders of the tar-

But two years ago, sir, the result of the election was not so thorougly anstandpattish.-Indianapolis News.

The States and Water Power. Secretary Ballinger points out in his annual report that, upon the 1,-450,000 acres covering water power sites withdrawn from the public domain in the west, the states which ontain the sites own the waters in the streams. They exercise, too, the police powers that are necessary to supervise and control the public service corporations which would develop electrical energy from the streams The federal government, which has slways held the public domain in trust for the states, now denies its trust and asserts owners, ip of the sites. The western states are dishon est or weak, they cannot be relied upon to administer properly fresh grants of the national resources to their citizens. In federal eyes all the

states, in fact, are dishonest or weak The states, concededly, have the popowers and the ater. The gov ernment at Washington lacks both, but withholds the sites, and asks the states to give up what they have, on a a very pretty quarrel as it stands deanwhile, a means of great wealth to the people is locked up. SQUIRRELS RANG TELEPHONE

Max Examines Box Where Wires Were Converged and Finds It Nearly Full of Nuts.

A lady in Englewood, N. J., was called to the telephone one day by the operator, who inquired, "What do you want?"

"Nothing at all," she responded. "Your bell rang," insisted the oper-

"None of us rang it," replied the

The next day a man appeared from the telephone office. "I have come to see what makes

time," he remarked. But none of the family could enlighten him, and he saw nothing about

it which was out of order. The next day he came again, took the telephone entirely to pieces, examined the full length of the wire Still, he could find nothing amiss, and still at the central office the little fiame kept burning in the niche dedicated to this particular family. This

At last it occurred to the author- BACHELORS 2 CENTS A POUND | fused to accept him. The winner of | What Was the Matter With Moses! ties to examine a little box, of about the size of an ordinary suit case, your telephone bell ring most of the which was nailed up against a large tree close by the house.

> In this box several telephone wires converged. It was a sort of neighborhood switchboard.

What was the surprise of the telephone men to find this box nearly filled with nuts. They took out three peach baskets full, each one holding at least two quarts.

Rioting among the nuts were the youthful members of a promising indicated that their bell was ringing. squirrel family—Christian Herald.

M. Casey, Wealthy St. Louisan, Weighing 267 Pounds, is Bid in for 85 as Prize.

St. Louis.-St. Louis bachelors are worth less than 2 cents a pound, according to the market established at the St. Vincent de Paul's church, when 267-pound Martin Casey, the wealthy head of a broom manufacturing concern, was bid in for \$5 after the young woman who had won him as a prize in a church celebration re-

the prise was Miss Dors Kohler of St.

"Do you want to take him home with you?" said Father Nugent, who had charge of the affair.

"Really," replied Miss Kohler, "he's very nice, but I don't think I want

"Very well, then, I'll have to sell him to the highest bidder, and I'll start the auction with a bid of \$5."

Percy-Well, it says here the Lord gave Moses two tablets.—Lippincott's Magazine. The Sculptor Philosopher.

The sculptor had just finished the Apollo Belvedere. As no one made a higher bid, Fath-er Nugent handed to Miss Kohler a \$5 bill in lieu of 287 pounds of Casey. himself."

"I am satisfied," he oried. "Every man who passes thinks it looks like himself."

Percy-Miss Jane, did Moses have the same after-dinner complaint my

Miss Jane-Gracious me, Percyl

Whatever do you mean, my dear?

DEDE'S ROLT

Some Suspicious Persons T

Enquired if we were "hiring" a certain "weekly" paper to abuse us.

Of course every time a spot light is turned on from any source t offers a splendid chance to talk about the merits of the products, but 'pon honor now, we are not hiring that "Weekly."

The general reader seldom cares much for the details of "scraps."

A few may have read lately some articles attacking us and may be interested in the following:

Some time ago a disagreement arose with a "Weekly." They endorsed our foods by letter, but wanted to change the form of advertising, to which we objected.

The "Weekly" discontinued inserting our advertisements while they were negotiating for some changes they wanted in the wording and shape of the advertisements, and during this correspondence our manager gave instructions to our Advertising Department to quit advertising altogether in that "Weekly."

Quite a time after the advertising had been left out, an editorial attack came. We replied in newspapers and the scrap was on.

Then came libel suits from both sides, and some harsh words,

Generally tiresome to the public.

That "Weekly" has attacked many prominent men and reputable manufacturers.

Our Company seems prominent enough for a sensational writer to go after, hunt for some little spot to criticise, then distort, twist and present it to the public under scare heads.

So an attorney from New York spent more or less time for months in Battle Creek hoping to find impurities in our foods, or dirt in the factories. After tireless spying about he summoned twenty-five of our workmen and took their testimony. Every single one testified that the foods are made of exactly the grain and ingredients printed on the packages; the wheat, barley and corn being the choicest obtainable—all thoroughly cleaned—the water of the purest, and every part of the factories and machinery kept scrupulously clean.

That all proved disappointing to the "Weekly." There are very few factories, hospitals, private-or hotel and restaurant kitchens that could stand the close spying at unexpected times and by an enemy paid to find dirt or impurities of some kind.

In any ordinary kitchen or factory he would find something to magnify and make a noise about.

But he failed utterly with the Postum Works and products. Twenty to thirty thousand people go through the factories annually and we never enquire whether they are there to spy or not. It makes no difference to us.

He next turned to discover something about our advertising that could be criticized.

An analysis of the methods and distorted statements of the "Weekly" may interest some readers, so we take up the items one by one and open them out for inspection. We will "chain up" the harsh words and make no reference in this article to the birth, growth and methods of the "Weekly" but try to coufine the discussion to the questions now at issue.

Some Facts

Battle Creek, Michigan, December 30, 1910.

We the undersigned certify that never to our knowledge has a testimonial letter been printed by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., which did not have behind it a genuine letter signed, and believed to be an honest statement.

To the best of our knowledge and belief the Company has receive upwards of fifty thousand (50,000) genuine testimonial letters.

This company has never knowingly made nor permitted an untruthful statement regarding its products or its methods.

M. K. HOWE, Treasurer. (With Company about 14 years)

L. J. LAMSON, Inspector of Advts. (With Company about 91/4 years.)

F. C. GRANDIN, Advertising Manager. (With Company about 13 years,) R. M. STERRETT, M. D., Physician in charge of Scientific Dep't.

(With Company about 41/4 years.) CHESTON SYER, Advt. Writer. (With Company about 3 years.)

CHARLES W. GREEN, Advt. Writer. (With Company about 5 years.)

HARRY E. BURT, General Sup't. (With Company about 13 years.)

H. C. HAWK, Assistant to Chairman. (With Company about 7 years.)

C. W. POST, Chairman. (With Company 16 years, from the beginning.)

We say that in cases where coffee disagrees and is causing sickness its dismissal will remove the cause of the trouble, and we suggest the use of Postum for the reason that it furnishes a hot palatable morning beverage, and contains natural elements from the grain which can be used by nature to assist in rebuilding nerve centers that coffee may have broken down.

We will suppose that from his work he lost a pound a day and made up a pound each day from food. If that premise proved to be true the man in sixty days' time would make sixty pounds of tissue to replace what had been lost, and this would be done on Grape-Nuts and milk with half the number of calories of butter, upon which no one can sustain life.

Likewise Grape-Nuts food does not cure anything, but it does assist nature that our contention is right that contremendously in rebuilding, provided the undigestible food that has been used is partly digested and ready for easy asontinued and Grape-Nuts taken in its

Charge No. 2 states that the passage of the National Food & Drugs Act com-pelled us to drop from the packages some assertions regarding the nutritive value

We have never been "compelled" to make any change.

Since the beginning it has been a universal rule to print clearly on every package exactly what the contents are made of. Before the passage of the Pure Food Law the packages stated that Grape-Nuts food was made of wheat and barley.

We did not esteem the small amount We did not esteem the small amount of salt and yeast as of value enough to speak of, but after the new Law came in we became as technical as the offi-cials at Washington and added the words "yeast" and "salt," although we have no recollection of being asked to.

We believed that our statement that Grape-Nuts will supply elements to nour-ish the brain and nerve centers is true and bring authorities to support the fact, Some state chemists believed this a gross exaggeration and inasmuch as the Food Dept. at Washington could easily harass grocers, pending a trial on the disputed question, we concluded that much the better way would be to eliminate from our packages such claims, however certain we may be that the claims are true.

Another statement objected to read as follows:

"The system will absorb a greater amount of nourishment from one pound of Grape-Nuts than from ten pounds of meat, wheat, oats, or bread."

Some Department chemists' deceive themselves as well as the public.

themselves as well as the public.

"Caloried" is the word which defines a unit of heat determined by the amount necessary to raise one kilogram of water one flegree centigrade. On this basis a table of calories is prepared showing the percentage of different kinds of food. Butter shows 8.80; Grape-Nuts 3.90; milk 0.70. Remember the statement on the package spoke of the nourishment the system would absorb, but did not speak of the calories of heat contained in it, for the heat is not nourishment, and the nourishment cannot be judged by the number of heat units, notwithstanding the fact that certain chemists would have the public believe so.

As an illustration: Attempt to feed a man sixty days on butter alone, with its 8.00 calories. The man would die before the experiment had run sixty days. Then, take Grape-Nuts with 3.96 and milk with 0.70,—the two combined equal 4.06—about one-half the number of calories contained in butter. The man fed for sixty days on this food would be well nourished, and could live not only sixty

Distortion No. 1 stated that we have been accustomed to advertise Grape-Nuts and Postum as "cure-alls for everything."

It has never been the policy of this Company to advertise Grape-Nuts or Postum to cure anything.

days, but six months on that food alone, and we do not hesitate to say from our long knowledge of the sustaining power of the food that a man at the end of sixty days would be of practically the same weight as when he started,—if he be a man of normal weight.

is partly digested and ready for cas, similation by the body, presents more similation by the system will ab nourishment that the system will abwe will further say that in cases of diges ive troubles where meat, white breawe will furner say that in cases of diges-tire troubles where meat, white bread and oats cannot be digested, that Grape-Nuts and milk contain more nourish-ment that the system will absorb than many pounds of these other foods.

Distortion No. 3 charges that our tes-imonials were practically all paid for timonials were practically all paid for and re-written in Battle Creek.

These testimonials were demanded by the opposing lawyers. Naturally this demand was refused, for they are held in vaults and kept safe to prove the truth, and are not to be delivered up on demand of commiss.

Testimony at the trial brought out the fact that we never printed a single testimonial that we did not have the genuine letter back of. Many of these letters came spontaneously. A record was kept of twelve hundred and four (1204) letters received in one month from people who wrote that they had either entirely recovered their health or been benefited by following our suggestions on food and beverages. and beverages.

On three or four occasions in the past ten or twelve years we printed broadcast in papers offers of prizes to users of Postum and Grape-Nuts,—two hundred \$1.00 prizes, one hundred \$2.00, twenty of \$5.00 and five of \$10.00 each,—stating of \$5.00 and five of \$10.00 each,—stating that each must be an honest letter with name and address. We agreed not to publish names, but to furnish them to enquirers by letter. These letter writers very generally answered those who wrote to them, and verified the truth of the statements.

Under this agreement not to publish names literally scores of letters came from doctors. We kept our word and neither printed their names or surren-

Right here notice an "imitation spasm." The "Weekly" says; "Post got those testimonials by advertising for them. In New York he used for that purpose the New York Magazine of whose editor is now in the Federal Penitentiary for fraudulent use of the mails. For example, Post announced in that magazine in 1907, etc.," (then follows our prize computations) netition)

We used nearly all of the papers and We used nearly all of the papers and macazines in New York and the rest of America, but the sensational writer gives the impression to his readers that the only magazine we used was one "whose editor is now in the Federal Penitentiary," etc., something that we know nothing of the truth of now, and never did. Space was bought in the magazine spoken of on a business basis for the reason that it went to a good class of readers. The incident seems to have furnished an opportunity for a designing writer to deceive his readers.

We look upon honest human fertingers.

We look upon honest human testimony

which they recovered health as of tremendous value to those in search of it. Our business has been conducted from the very first day upon lines of strict integrity and we never yet have published a false testimonial of human experience.

Many of these letters covered numerous abeets; some if printed would sured a large of the purity of the printed would sured the public. If our conclusions in regard to its beside the suggest the reader look and the substantiated by facts in scientific research.

Prevarication No. 8. "Post spends nearly a million a year in advertising and relies on that to keep out of the newslates are to reconstructions."

If our conclusions in regard to its beside the purity of the public." sheets; some, if printed, would spread over half a page of newspaper. If we would attempt to print one such letter in every one of the thousands of papers and magazines we use, the coat for printing that one letter would run into many thousands of dollars.

We boil down these letters exactly as a newspaper writer boils his news,—stick-ing sacredly to the important facts and eliminating details about the family and other unimportant matters. This work of boiling down, or editing, is done of boiling down, or editing, is done honestly, and with a full knowledge of our responsibility, but notice the art of the "twister" in the way he presents to his readers this matter of testimonials.

Distortion No. 4. This is a bad one. It reads as follows: "The only famous physician whose name was signed to a testimonial was produced in Court by Colliers and turned out to be a poor old brokendown homeopath, who is now working in a printing establishment. He received ten dollars (\$10.00) for writing his testimonial."

We will wager ten thousand dollars (\$10,000,00) with any investigator that we have, subject to inspection of any fair committee, upwards of three hundred (300) communications from physicians, many of them expressing the highest commendation of our products, but these will not now or ever be turned over to the publisher for his use.

Notice the statement in this charge: "The only famous physician whose name Notice the statement in this charge:
"The only famous physician whose name
was signed to Postum testimonial, etc."
The truth is, this Dr. Underwood was
one of a great many physicians who have
not only written commendatory words
about the value of our foods, but every
now and then some physician writes an
article on coffee or on food, and sends it
to us with a suggestion of compensation
for his time and medical knowledge.
Previous to the time when we employed
physicians in our own business, we occasionally employed a doctor to write
an article on coffee, always insisting that
the article be an honest expression of his
opinion and research. pinion and research.

The "Weekly" hunted up this physician, and because he seemed to be poor, and as it says. "brokendown," had him brought to Court to be exposed before a jury as the "only physician that had ever endersed Grape-Nuts." but much to the chagrin of the "Weekly," when our attorneys asked him if the article he wrote about coffee was true he replied, "yes."

Statement No. 5 reads: "The health officers of Mich. Maine, Penn., New Hamp., and other states in their official bulletins have for years been denouncing as preposterous and fraudulent the claims made by the Postum Cereal Company." We do not recall any criticism except from Mich., Penn., Maine and S. Dakota.

The average reader might think that the opinions expressed by the State Offi-cials are always correct, but that con-clusion is not borne out by facts.

As an illustration: About thirteen years are the Dairy and Food Commission of Michigan for some personal reason printed a severe criticism on us for making Postum of Barley (according to his official chemist) at market price and selling too high. He was shown there was never a yrain of barley used in Postum. His report was false and misleading. The governor dismissed him.

We believe that most of the state

If our conclusions in regard to its being a brain food differ from theirs, and we are both honest, they have rather the advantage, because under the law they can order us to eliminate from the package any statement if it disagrees with their opinion. Otherwise they would because groups.

Spasm No. 6 says: "The most dangerous thing in the world for one threatened with appendicitis is to eat any food whatever. Notwithstanding he knew that danger. C. W. Post advertised Grape-Nuts

harass grocers.

This is intended to muddle the reader into believing that we put out Grape-Nuts as a cure for appendicitis.

Mr. Post, himself, has had probably as wide experience as any other man in America in the study and observation of food as related to the digestive organs, and we proved in Court by the physicians and surgeons on the witness stand that the predominating cause of appendicitis is undigested food, and that it is necessary to quit eating food, and when the body requires food again, use a pre-digested food, or at least one easy of digestion.

Dr. Ochsner in his work on appendicitis refers directly to the use of the well-known pre-digested foods that can be obtained on the market. He also brought out the interesting fact that in "after treatment" it is advantageous to take on a pre-digested food.

The price of the package (referred to by the weekly) is not known by us to have any relation to the question.

Our advice to stop using indigestible food in bowel troubles and to use Grape-Nuts food has been a great blessing to tens of thousands of people, and we hope will continue to bless a good many more in the succeeding years.

No. 7 is a live wire. It refers to C. W. Post and his studies and experience in "Suggestive Therapeutics," or "Mental Healing" which further lead to a most careful and systematic study of the effect of the mind on the digestive and other organs of the body.

He attended clinics in Europe and fitted himself for a future career in which he has become known as one of the food experts of the world, fitted to judge both from the material as well as the mental side of the question.

For about eight years previous to 1991 he was an invalid. In that year, after being under the care of several well-inown physicians, he was quickly healed, by what to him was a curious and not well-understood method. Sufficient to say he became a well man, weighing about 185 rounds.

This experience challenged his investigation into causes of disease and their amelioration. Those studies and experiences developed a very profound reverence for a Supreme Power which directly operates upon the human being, and this reverence for the Infinite became to him a form of religion which included honesty of purpose towards his fellow-man. A statement which will be indorsed by everyone who knows him closely.

He will make a public announcement in detail of these facts, and the Postum Company will cause that statement to be published in newspapers and magazines

Prevarication No. 8. "Post spends nearly a million a year in advertising and relies on that to keep out of the news-papers the dangerous nature of the fraud he is perpetrating on the public." The Postum Company does pay out upwards of a million a year for trade an-nouncements. Newspaper men believe our statements truthful or they would not print them. Large numbers of newspa-per men use our products.

They are capable of telling the public whether or not we "bribe" them.

It may have escaped notice that we did not "bribe" that particular weekly.

No. 9 states that the amount of the erdict will "be devoted by the 'weekly

This is almost real humor. We have two suits pending against the "weekly," total, \$500,000.00. We haven't "devoted" the sum to any

particular purpose yet. Item 10 is a "discovery" that wheat bran is a part of Postum. But the criticism neglected to mention that for years every Postum package an-nounced in plain type that the outer cov-ering of wheat (bran), made part of the beverace.

They ignorantly fell into a trap here, not knowing enough of food value to know that "Taka-Diastase" the article used by physicians the world over for "starch indigestion" is made from "wheat bran." So we use that part of the wheat berry because it contains the element needed to develop the valuable diastase in man-ufacture. Good Postum is impossible without this part

without this part. These self-appointed critics do some laughable blunders through ance, but—be patient.

Item 11 is an illustration of the squir ing and twisting of the sensational writer delivering distorted matter to his read

While on the witness stand Mr. Post testified to his studies in Anatomy, Physi-ology, Dietetics and Psychology,—all re-lating to the preparation and digestion of food. Asked to name authorities studied he mentioned six or eight from memory, and commented on some clinical experience covering several years in annual journeys to Europe.

Now notice the distortion. (Copy from the printed criticism.) "He (Post) pointed out a pile of books in possession of his attorneys as the very ones he had read."

(Notice,—"the very ones he had read," leading the reader to believe that they were the only ones.) "Did you consult the books from these editions?" was saked.

"From those and various editions," answered Post. The attorney "picked up book after book from the pile and showed the title pages to the jury,—all except two had been published since 1905."

This is an example of distortion and false coloring to produce an unfavorable

The facts are Mr. Post purposely intro-duced the latest editions that could be obtained of prominent authorities to prove by them the truth of his statements re-garding appendicitis and the analysis of brain, also the latest conclusions in re-gard to the action of the digestive organs. These works are:

Human Physiology, by Raymond. Physiological Chemistry, by Simon. Digestive Glands, by Pawlow. Hand Book of Appendicitis, by Ochs-

Physiological Chemistry, by Hamman

Biochemic System of Medicine, by Carey. The "Weekly" carefully eliminates from its printed account testimony regarding the years of research and study by Mr. Post in fitting himself for his work, and would lead the reader of the distorted article to believe that his education began since 1905.

Distortion No. 12 reports Mr. Post as

His eye is not of the shifty kind ob-served in the head of one of his chief critics. On the witness stand Mr. Post looks quietly but very steadily straight into the eyes of the haggling, twisting law-yer, trying by all his art to ask double-

fuse a witness. The "dodging" it seems consisted of replying, "I don't know." Opposing counsel holds a book in his hand while he queries,-

"I want to know if there is a single thing in your whole book here that sug-gests any particular kind of food." Then followed some discussion between attor-

When Mr. Post was allowed to reply, he said, "I don't know until I read the book over to see."

This book, it turns out, was written by This book, it turns out, was written by Mr. Post seventeen years ago and probably has not been read carefully by him in the last fifteen years. It would require a remarkable memory to instantly say "yes" or "no" as to what a book of 147 pages did or did not contain, without reading it over,—but such conservative and well balanced answers are construed by sensation seekers to be "dodging."

The attorney sought by every art to impress the Jury with the fact that Mr. Post's belief in the power of Mind in relation to the body branded him as unreliable and worse.

The following is quoted from one of

(The lawyer reading from the book.) "The writer of these pages desires to say nothing of himself other than as a simple instrument through which the Divine Principle chooses to manifest itself by present and crawles by precept and example

"Skill in mental practice is gained in the same way as skill in any department of science—by observation, study, expe-rience and the ability to evolve correct

"Read carefully, thoughtfully no more than twenty pages daily. Afterward seek an easy position where you will not be disturbed. Relax every muscle. Close your eyes, and go into the silence where mind is plastic to the breathings of spirit and where God talks to the Son. The thoughts from Divine Universal Mind come as winged angels and endow you with a healing power. If you go into the silence humble and trusting, you will come out enriched and greatly strengthened in body by contact even for a short time with the Father of all life and all power. You will feel refreshed in every way and food taken will digest readily as the stomach works smoothly when under the influence of a Higher Power."

"I ask you if you did not write that, and if you did not believe it when you wrote it."

For a moment the Court Room was in absolute silence.

Mr. Post slowly leaned forward over the rail, pointed his finger at the Atty's face to emphasize his reply and with eyes that caused those of the Attorney to drop he said, "Yes, I am proud to say I did."

It may be remembered that we were first attacked and have since defended ourselves by placing facts before that great jury--The Public.

A good "scrap" is more or less comforting now and then, if you know you are right. In the case lately tried, an appeal has been taken to the higher courts. We

have unbounded faith in the ultimate decision of our American Tribunals. Our suits against the "weekly" have not yet been tried. They are for libel and \$500,000.00 is asked as damages, and may the right man win.

After all the smoke of legal battle blows away, the facts will stand out clearly and never be forgotten that Postum, Grape Nuts, and Post Toasties are perfectly pure, have done good honest service to humanity for years, the testimonials are real and truthful and the business conducted on the highest plane of commercial integrity.

> "There's a Reason" Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.